



# Tackling Poverty in Niger

Launching The Dov Pasternak Horticultural Training Center







For 15 years Eliminate
Poverty NOW (EPN) has
been empowering Africa's
extreme poor, especially
women and girls, to lift
themselves out of poverty.

In rural areas, maximizing farmer income is the key.
Increased income improves family diets, clothing, and housing; increases access to education and healthcare; and upgrades overall quality of life.





Niger ranks dead last on the UN 2020 Human Development Index:

- 80% of Nigeriens are subsistence farmers growing rainfed crops
- 65% of Nigeriens are illiterate
- 40% of Nigerien children suffer from malnutrition

UNICEF labeled Niger "the world's most underfunded humanitarian crisis"

While Niger is an extreme example, the Sahel has tens of millions of subsistence farmers struggling to survive.





# It's hard to climb the ladder of economic opportunity when you can't reach the first rung!

Improved yields of rainfed crops is a critical first step

But for <u>sustained</u> change...

Farmers need the ability to generate meaningful income and break the cycle of poverty

Generational Change

Access to higher education

Access to primary education

Upgrade living conditions

Access to healthcare

Improve family diet

Basic food security

# In the Sahel, irrigation is key to unlocking economic potential

These two photos were taken from the identical spot, one looking back towards a local village in Niger, the other facing the village's irrigated vegetable garden.



Outskirts of Izawitan village, Balleyara Niger

Farmers of the Future cooperative garden at Izawitan

# Many development programs improve food security but generate minimal/modest income gains. Our "Farmers of the Future" model creates income that changes lives.

Project	Principal Crop(s)	Percent or Absolute Increase in Yield	Annual Income Increase per person
One Acre Fund¹	Maize	+274-490 kg/acre	\$30-91
Nuru Int'l Kenya²	Mixed grains and Dairy	98%	\$235-400
Millennium Villages Project <sup>3</sup>	Maize	187%	minimal
Farmers of the Future - Izawitan <sup>4</sup>	6–10 vegetable varieties	New activity	\$755
Farmers of the Future - Sadoré <sup>4</sup>	Fruit trees	New Activity	\$2,000+

#### **Data Sources:**

- 1. One Acre Fund randomized control study results in Kenya: Chwele District 2009, Busia District 2014, Teso District 2017
- 2. Nuru Kenya Impact Report, University of Texas, Feb. 2020
- 3. Harvests of Development in Rural Africa: The Millennium Villages Project After Three Years
- 4. Farmers of the Future Internal M&E Studies: Sadoré Report 2013, Balleyara Report 2019. FOF project overview provided in the appendix.









#### Different Goals

Grow crops for sale that maximize income





#### Different Methods

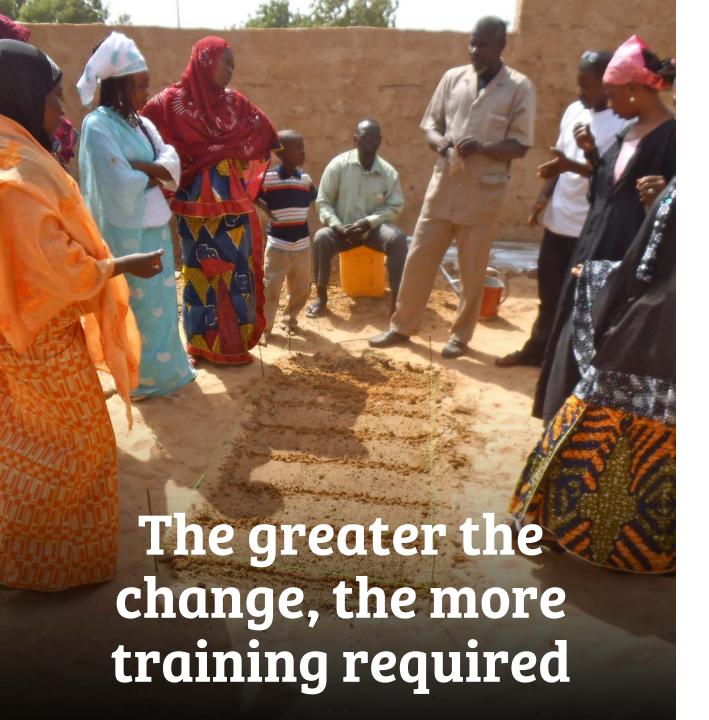
Irrigate to utilize the land year-round



#### Different Crops

6–10 high value crops vs 1–2 rainfed grains





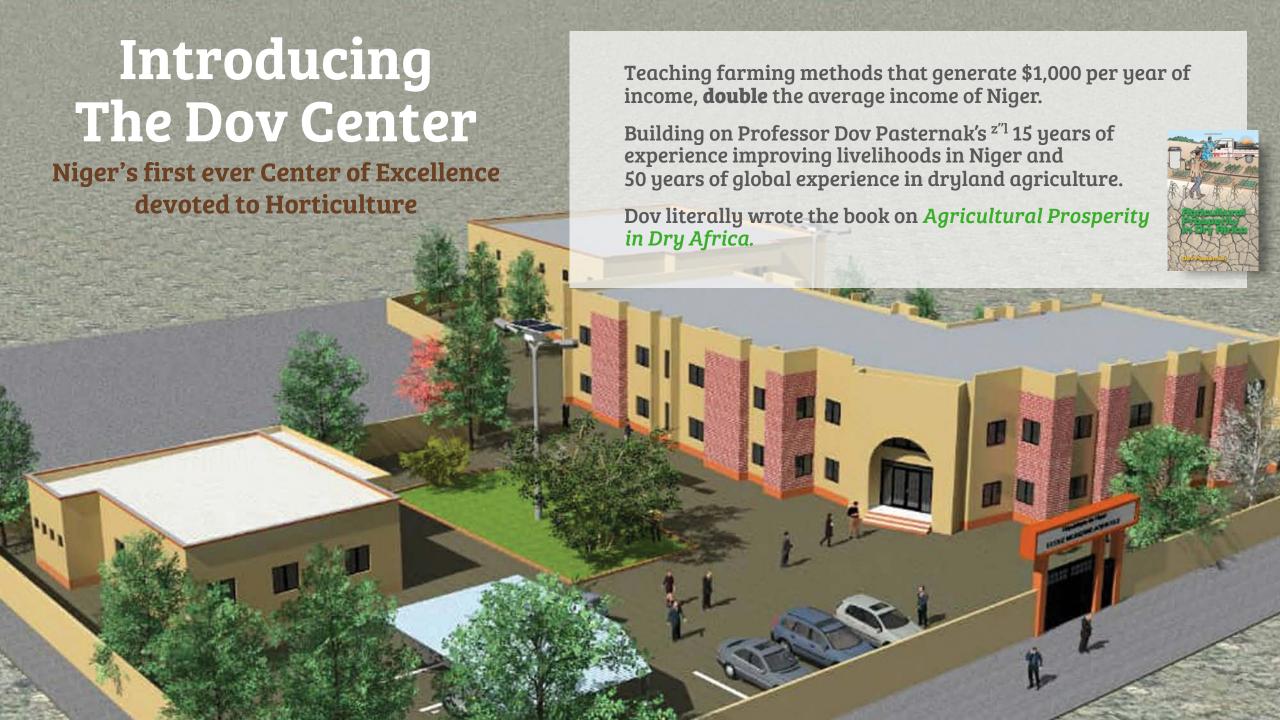
Completing 1 cycle of year-round agriculture takes 12 months

Our Farmers of the Future model provides farmers 3+ years of intensive training and supervision to master new concepts and techniques

A multi-year commitment to intensive training is the critical missing ingredient to agricultural transformation in Niger

But the technicians to conduct this training are in desperately short supply







Niger's first ever training center devoted to horticulture

Teaching concepts and techniques to dramatically increase farmer income

Drawing on innovation from:

- Israeli technology and experience,
- 15 years research on preferred income-generating crops specific to the Sahel, and
- 10 years experience creating a practical, proven model for rural economic transformation.









The Center features a rigorous, hands-on training program for technicians including:

- Best practices in horticulture,
- Creative strategies to maximize income,
- Principles of running effective for-profit cooperatives, and
- Tools and techniques to transfer knowledge to largely illiterate farmers.

The Center will also offer seminars and consulting services to funders and practitioners of development projects.





# Projected Impact: The multiplier effect of training the trainers.

## Center will graduate 40 technicians per year

- Students will be recruited from 50,000 high school graduates
- Job placement with NGOs, the private sector, government, etc. upon graduation

### One technician can impact 1,500 lives

- 1 technician can support5 villages
- An average village cooperative has
   50 farmers
- The average household size in Niger is 6

## In 5 years The Dov Center can improve 300,000 lives

- In 5 years of full operation,
   The Dov Center will
   graduate 200 technicians
- 200 technicians x 1,500 family members
- The income generated will change the lives of this generation and the next



TECHNICIANS

10K
FARMERS





### Measuring Success

#### Student Recruitment

Recruitment and graduation of students, with a goal of 40 per year completing the two-year training program.

#### Technician Placement

Rate of placement and employment of graduates in jobs which enable them to use their skills and knowledge.

#### Villages and Farmers Served

Numbers of villages and smallholder farmers reached and results of these engagements over a three-year period.



### Scaling the Impact

# Committed Partners will take us to scale in Niger

ICRISAT (International Crops Research in the Semi-Arid Tropics), Niger

Songhai Center, Benin

Volcani International Partners, Israel

University of Niamey Agronomy Department, Niger

# Becomes self-funding in 5 years so its impact continues to grow

4 income streams:

- Student tuition
- Seminar fees
- Farm produce
- Consulting services

Additional sources being developed

#### Long Term Impacts

Beyond Year 5, the Center will train hundreds of additional technicians improving hundreds of thousands more lives.

The model can be replicated in other countries throughout the Sahel.

### The EPN International Team



John Craig
President
Eliminate
Poverty NOW
USA



Robin Mednick
President
Pencils 4 Kids
Canada



Hamani Djibo
President
ONG LIBO
Niger



Issaka Housseini
Technical Director
ONG LIBO
Niger



Joanne Moore

EPN Board of
Directors

Israel

# **Budget and Financing**

(in US dollars)

The Budget: \$1.5M	<u>In \$ 000's</u>
Land, Site Prep, Utilities	\$250
Academic/Administrative Hall	260
Cafeteria	70
Dormitory	160
Furniture & Equipment	115
Training Gardens	70
Seminar Room	50
Operating Costs:	
Scholarships	150
Cumulative Operating Deficit	175
Administrative Costs	125
Other Misc.	<u>75</u>
TOTAL	\$1,500

Financing: \$900K raised to date	<u>In \$ 000's</u>
Individuals	\$200
Family Foundations	450
EPN Board	250
Funds to be Raised	600
TOTAL	\$1,500





### More About Professor Dov Pasternak (1940–2018)



- World expert in dryland agriculture
- Awarded World Chair in Desertification from UNESCO and Lifetime Achievement Award from Society for International Development, Israel
- 30 years at Ben Gurion University; 20 years heading BGU's Institute for Agricultural and Applied Biology
- Consulted in 24 countries
- Wrote or co-authored hundreds of research papers
- 18 years working and consulting in the African Sahel; 10 years in Niger as Chief Scientist for Crop and Technology Diversification at ICRISAT (International Crop Research in the Semi-Arid Tropics)
- Visionary and leader of the Farmers of the Future project for rural economic transformation
- Author of Agricultural Prosperity in Dry Africa



# More About Farmers of the Future a Model for Rural Economic Transformation



FARMERS
OF THE
FUTURE

For a better future

**Goal:** Enable women farmers to earn up to \$1,000/year — **twice** the average income of Niger

**Financial structure:** Upfront subsidy transitioning to financially self-supporting businesses

#### The Model:

- Organize women into local cooperatives
- Design gardens/nurseries to achieve desired economies of scale collectively and individually
- Provide free of charge: Infrastructure, initial agricultural inputs, 3+ years training and supervision
- Initiate forced savings program (cooperative dues) with the first harvest
- Teach intensive, market-based farming techniques:
  - Grow crops 12 months of the year
  - Identify 6-10 high value vegetables and fruits
  - Grow counter-seasonally and store post-harvest for maximum income

**Current Implementation:** 10 villages in Niger



### Farmers of the Future Case Study: Sadoré Niger



Sadoré coop tree nursery. Coop members used to call Dov "Father of the Poor." Now they call him "Father of the Rich!"

A traditional rural village and first FOF pilot site

In 2007, 35 women were organized into a cooperative; given a small tree nursery, vegetable garden, and intensive training

Results from an FOF internal study 6 years later:

- 32 women remained in the cooperative
- Coop tree nursery had expanded to 20,000 trees (commercial value of \$40,000)
- Each member also had a private tree nursery at home

Estimated income per member: \$2,000+ (4X Niger's average annual income)

#### Use of funds:

- All homes improved; many electrified
- 100 children attended secondary school (none prior)
- 7 students enrolled in university
- Women were well dressed; most wearing jewelry; many with cell phones